A PROPER RESPONSE TO A PROPER SERMON

ACTS 2:37-41

Introduction:

- A. The people in Jerusalem have witnessed a strange event
 - 1) They heard a sound from heaven Vs. 2
 - 2) They heard strangers speak in their own tongues, even in their unique idioms Vs. 8
 - 3) They had heard the wonderful works of God Vs. 11
- B. Peter had given them an explanation
 - 1) "What meaneth this?"
 - 2) He had cited scripture from Joel
 - 3) He had quoted from the Psalms
 - 4) He had preached the gospel Vs. 22, 23, 24
- C. How did these people respond?
 - 1) Some were open-minded
 - 2) Some were close-minded
- I. The Convicting Power of the Holy Spirit Vs. 37
 - A. "Now when they heard this, they were pricked in their heart, and said unto Peter and to the rest of the Apostles",
 - 1) "heard" = akouo = "to hear", "perceive with the ears", "to listen",
 "to learn by hearing"
 - 2) "pricked" = katanusso = "to pierce through", hence, "to be greatly pained", "when they heard who Jesus was and what they had done, they were pierced through in their hearts"
 - B. "Men and brethren, What shall we do?"
 - 1) "Men and fellow Jews, what shall we do now?"
 - 2) "What are we to do friends and brothers"
 - 3) Do they want to be saved?

- II. The Straight Answer of Peter Vs. 38
 - A. "Then Peter said unto them, Repent, and be baptized every one of you in the name of Jesus Christ for the remission of sins."
 - 1) "repent" = metanoeo = "to change one's mind and purpose", "not merely to repent of and forsake sin, but to change one's mind and apprehensions regarding it"
 - 2) "baptized" = baptstheto = "let be immersed"
 - 3) = epi to onamati = "on the name of"
 - 4) "for" = ecs = "with reference to"
 - 5) "remission" = aphesis = "setting free"
 - B. "and ye shall receive the gift of the Holy Ghost"
 - 1) "receive" = lambano = "to take from another"
 - 2) "gift" = dorae = "a free-gift", "a present"
 - 3) "Holy Ghost" = "the gifts that the Spirit gives"
 - C. "For the promise is unto you, and to your children, and to all that are afar off, even as many as the Lord our God shall call."
 - 1) "promise" = epaggelia = "a proclamation", "a declaration made on the account of something."
 - 2) The promise of the Holy Spirit is in the declaration of Joel. It is for all. 2:16-18
- III. Instruction Before Baptism Vs. 40
 - A. "And with many other words did he testify and exhort, saying,
 - 1) "And with other words many"
 - 2) "many" = pleion = "more", "in magnitude"
 - 3) "testify" = diamarturomai = "to witness throughout", "to bear witness through and through"
 - 4) "exhort" = parakaleo = "every kind of speaking to which is meant to produce a particular effect", "comfort", "encouragement"

- B. "Save yourselves from this untoward generation"
 - 1) "save" = soxo = "to make sound", "to save", "to preserve safe from danger; loss or destruction"
 - 2) "untoward" = skolois = "crooked", "bent from dryness"
 - 3) "generation" = genea = "race", "descent", "offspring", It is an age or generation.
- C. Additional information I Peter 3:18-22 Vs. 20
 - 1) There were souls saved during the preaching of Noah. They were "sometine disobedient"
 - a. "sometime" = pote = when, whenever; at sometime; once, formerly
 - b. "disobedient" = apeitheo = "not suffer one's self to be persuaded", "to refuse belief"
 - 2) The longsuffering of God waited
 - 3) What did Noah do that the others would not do?
 - Heb. 11:7 "By faith Noah, being warned of God of things not seen as yet, moved with fear, prepared an ark to the saving of his house; by which he condemned the world, and became heir of the righteousness which is by faith."
- IV. The Act of Christian Baptism Vs. 41
 - A. Then they that gladly received his word were baptized:
 - "receive gladly" = apo = "from" + dechomai, "to take to ones self what is presented or brought by another", "to accept, embrace, receive hospitably. It implies a subjective reception showing that a decision of the will has taken place with respect to the object presented, and that the acceptance manifests it." (Bullinger)
 - 2) "word" = logos
 - 3) = ebaptisthesan = "were immersed"
 - B. "and the same day there were added unto them about three thousand souls."
 - 1) "added" = prostithemi = "to set", "place or lay" towards or in addition
 to; "to put one thing to another"
 - 2) They had more the next service!

V. Is Scriptural Baptism Important?

- A. What does baptism do?
 - 1) It portrays the gospel.
 - 2) It identifies us with God's people.
 - 3) It is the answer of a good conscience.
 - 4) It is an act of obedience to God's word.
 - 5) It separates us from the world.