HOW CAN WE DO WHAT GOD WANTS US TO DO? Hebrews 4:14-16

INTRODUCTION:

- A. Paul has exhorted the Hebrew congregation to enter into "rest".
 - 1) They are to "labour"
 - 2) They are to believe God
- B. The Lord will know
 - 1) He will know the intents of their hearts
 - 2) Nothing is hidden from His eyes
- C. How will these people be able to do those things that God requires?
 - 1) Must they devise some carnal plan?
 - 2) Has God abandoned them to their own ways?
 - 3) You may do what you think will work!
- I. We Have A Great High Priest verse 14
 - A. "Seeing then that we have a great high priest, that is passed into the heavens,..." vs 14
 - 1) "we have" = εχουτες = "to have", "to possess"
 - 2) "high priest" = αρχιερευς =
 - 3) "passed" = $\delta\iota\epsilon\rho\chi\circ\mu\alpha\iota$ = "to go through" The perf. tense indicates that he has passed through the heavens and is still there.
 - B. "...Jesus the Son of God"
 - 1) There can be no doubt who this is
 - 2) It is Jesus
 - 3) Not Joshua, but the Son of God

- C. "...let us hold fast the profession of our faith"
 - 1) "hold fast" = $\kappa \rho \alpha \tau \epsilon \omega$ = "to be in control of", "to exercise power over", "to hold to"
 - 2) "profession" = $0\mu0\lambda0\gamma\iota\alpha$ = "to speak or say the same thing with another", "to agree with"

II. We Have A High Priest That Can Be Touched

- A. "For we have not an high priest which cannot be touched with the feeling of our infirmities;..." vs 15
 - 1) "feelings" = $\sigma \nu \mu \pi \alpha \theta \epsilon \omega$ = "to share the experience of someone", "to empathize with someone"
 - 2) "infirmities" = ασθενεια = "want of strength", "weakness",
 hence, "feebleness", " sickness"
 - 3) "For our High Priest is not one who is incapable of sharing our infirmities"
- B. "...but was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin."
 - 1) "all points" = κατα παντα = "throughout"
 - 2) "tempted" = $\pi \epsilon \iota \rho \alpha \zeta \omega$ = "to tempt", "to test" The perf. tense emphasizes the completed state and continuing results.
 - 3) "like" = ομοιότης = "likeness" The word emphasizes 'exact correspondence.
 - 4) "but bore in all things the likeness of our trials -- Con "but without committing sin"

III. We Have An High Priest That Can Help

- A. "Let us therefore come boldly unto the throne of grace"
 - 1) "come" = $\pi\rho$ oos $\rho\chi\omega\mu$ e $\theta\alpha$ = "to come", "to draw near", "let us come near" It is a privilege that is always available.

- 2) "boldly" = $\pi\alpha\rho\rho\eta\sigma\iota\alpha$ = "speaking all things that are on one's mind.
- 3) "throne of grace" = "the throne that is characterized by
 grace"
- B. "...that we may obtain mercy"
 - 1) "obtain" = $\lambda \alpha \mu \beta \alpha \nu \omega$ = "to receive"
 - 2) "mercy" = $\varepsilon\lambda\varepsilon\sigma\varsigma$ = "active compassion", "the desire of relieving the miserable"
- C. "...and find grace to help in time of need"
- 1) "find" = ευρισκω = "to find, as without seeking", "meet with", "light upon"
 - 2) "grace" = $\chi \alpha \rho \iota \varsigma$ = "a kind, gracious disposition", "friendly willingness"
 - 3) "time" = eukarpog = "a good time", "well timed", "at the right time"
 - 4) "need" = $\beta \circ \eta \theta \in \alpha$ = "help given to one in need"
 - 5) "and find Him responsive when we need his help" Gspd