SOME FOUNDATION PRINCIPLES Hebrews 6:1-3

INTRODUCTION:

- A. Paul has severely rebuked the Hebrew congregation for stopping short.
 - 1) They had not progressed in knowledge
 - They were dull of hearing
 - 3) They had forgotten the first principles
- B. Paul encouraged them to grow
 - 1) They needed to progress to solid food
 - 2) They needed to form a habit of Bible study
- C. They needed to be taught the first principles
 - 1) They should have been teachers
 - 2) What are these first principles?
 - 3) They are the things we know first
 - 4) Not an order of importance
- I. The First Principles
 - A. "Therefore leaving the principles of Christ,"
 - "leaving" = αφιημι = "to leave" This does not mean they should abandon them. These doctrines were not a stopping place.
 - 2) "principles" = $\alpha \rho \chi \eta$ = The beginning point
 - B. "let us go on unto perfection,"
 - 1) "go on" = $\varphi \in \rho \omega$ = "to bear one's self along, tend"
 - 2) "perfection" = τελειότης = "completeness", "that which
 has reached its full and intended end"
 - 3) "and be borne along to adult comprehension"

- C. "not laying again the foundation of repentance from dead works, and faith toward God."
 - 1) "laying" = $\kappa \alpha \tau \alpha \beta \alpha \lambda \lambda \omega$ = "to throw down"
 - 2) "foundation" = θεμελιος = "foundation", "fundamental"
 - 3) "and not to be continually re-laying a foundation"
 - 4) "of repentance from lifeless works and of faith in God" Wey
- D. "of the doctrine of baptisms,"
 - 1) "doctrine" = $\delta i \delta \alpha \chi \eta$ = "teaching", "thing taught"

 - 3) "instruction about different baptisms" The baptism in water and in the Holy Spirit.
- E. "and of the laying on of hands"
 - 1) "laying on" = $\varepsilon \pi \iota \theta \varepsilon \sigma \iota \varsigma =$ "placing upon"
 - 2) "teaching concerning laying on of hands"
 - 3) In the New Testament this was the sign of the churches approval of a person's ministry. It was the sign of ordaining or sending forth.
- F. "and of the resurrection of the dead"
 - 1) "resurrection" = αναστασις = "a standing up"
 - 2) 'The teaching concerning the resurrection
- G. "and of eternal judgment"
 - 1) "judgment" = κριμα = "judgment"
 - 2) The judgment that eternity will bring to all men
 - 3) John 5:22
 - 4) Acts 117:30-31

- II. The Imperative To Grow
 - A. "And this will we do, if God permit"
 - 1) "And advance we will..."
 - 2) "permit" = $\varepsilon \pi \iota \tau \rho \varepsilon \pi \omega$ = "to give or entrust to another"
 - 3) "The Lord willing we will now advance to mature teaching"
 - B. God's will for His people
 - 1) The six principles listed
 - 2) These are only the foundation
 - 3) There is solid food to be eaten
 - 4) Now the house must be built