THE DEACONS

I Timothy 3:8-13

Intro:

- A. Paul has instructed Timothy in regard to the office of a bishop.
 - 1. He must be blameless. Vs 2
 - 2. He then lists the areas of one's life where he could be subject to criticism.
- B. Paul now gives Timothy instruction concerning the office of deacon.
 - 1. "Likewise must the deacons..."
 - 2. "By the same token..." BER
 - 3. "Deacons, in the same way..."
 - 4. This means that the deacons are also to be blameless; vs 10 "being...blameless"
 - 5. "Deacons" = $\delta \iota \alpha \kappa \sigma \nu \sigma \varsigma = \alpha servant$, "an attendant", "a waiter of a table".
- C. The two offices seen in words.
 - 1. The bishop, an overseer.
 - 2. The deacon, a servant.
 - 3. The deacons are not overseerers but servants. They are not to oversee the church. They are to serve as the bishop and the church direct them. Acts 6:1-7

I. What A Deacon Should Be Like.

- A. Vs 8 "Likewise must the deacons be..."
 - 1. "Grave" = $\sigma \in \mu \nu \circ \varsigma$ = "dignified", "stately".
 - 2. "Not double-tongued" = $\delta i \lambda 0 \gamma 0 \varsigma$ = "double-tongued", "saying one thing, doing another".
 - 3. "Not given to much wine" = $\pi\rho o\sigma \in \chi \omega$ = "to turn one's mind to", "occupy one's self with", "addiction".
 - 4. "Not greedy of filthy lucre" = $\alpha \iota \sigma \chi \rho \circ \kappa \in \rho \delta \eta \varsigma$ = "greedy of gain", "desiring an item to the point of doing something dishonest to get it".

5. Acts 6:3 - "...honest report", "full of the Holy Ghost", "full of wisdom"

II. The Deacon And The Faith.

- A. Vs 9 "Holding the mystery of the faith..."
 - 1. "Holding" = $\epsilon \chi \omega$ = "to hold continually".
 - 2. "Mystery" = $\mu \nu \sigma \tau \eta \rho \iota \sigma \nu = \tau \tau \tau \tau$ men would not know unless God revealed it".
 - 3. "The faith" = THS THOTEWS = "the substance of the teachings of Jesus Christ".

B. "...a clean conscience"

- 1. "Conscience" = $\sigma u \nu \in l \delta \eta \sigma l S = "being one's own witness".$
- 2. "Clean" = $\kappa\alpha\theta\alpha\rho\sigma$ = "free from admixture"
- 3. They should have a clean conscience in regard to the faith and in regard to their lives. A person struggling with guilt will seldom do a good job.
- C. Vs 10 "And let these also first be proved;..."
 - 1. "Proved" = $\delta O K \iota \mu \alpha \zeta \omega$ = "to approve after testing".
 - 2. "And let them also be tested first". RSV
- D. "then let them use the office of a deacon being found blameless."
 - 1. "Let them use the office of deacon" = $\delta \iota \alpha \kappa \sigma \alpha \nu = \text{pres act. imp. 3rd person pl.}$
 - 2. "Then let them get to it, being without obvious flaws"

III. The Deacon And His Family.

- A. Vs 11 "Even so must their wives be grave, not slanderers, sober, faithful in all things."
 - 1. "Grave" = $\sigma \in \mu \nu \circ \varsigma$ = "sincere", "dignified".
 - 2. "Slanderers" = $\delta \iota \alpha \beta \circ \lambda \circ \varsigma$ = "accuser", "the word from which we get devil".
 - 3. "Sober" = $\nu\eta\phi\alpha\lambda\iota\sigma\varsigma$ = "temperate", "abstinent".

- 4. "Women who can be trusted" PHI
- 5. "...true in all things" BAS
- B. Vs 12 "Let the deacons be the husbands of one wife, ruling their children and their own houses well."
 - 1. They should be "one-wife" husbands.
 - 2. "Ruling" = προιστημι = "be over", "preside".
 - 3 "And they must manage their children and their households properly." - MOF

IV. The Deacon And God.

- A. "For they that have used the office of a deacon well purchase to themselves a good degree..."
 - 1. " Δ ιακονησαντε" = "having deaconed".
 - 2. "Well" = $K\alpha\lambda oS$ = "well", "good".
 - 3. "Purchased" = $\pi \in \rho \in \pi \cup \omega = \text{"to make over and above", "to lay up", "to save up".$
 - 4. "Degree" = $\beta \in \theta \mu o S$ = "base", "step", "a foundation", "to position one's self".
 - 5. "For those who have served well as deacons, position themselves well before God and others."
- B. "...and great boldness in the faith which is in Christ Jesus."
 - 1. "Great" = πολλην = "much", "large amount".
 - 2. "Boldness" = $\pi\alpha\rho\rho\eta\sigma\iota\alpha$ = "fearless candor", "speaking all one thinks".
 - 3. "And the right to speak confidently on matters of the Christian faith."