A PORTRAIT OF CHRISTIANS AT ROME

Romans 16:1-16

INTRODUCTION:

- A. The church at Rome was a good church
 - 1) They were obedient to the Lord 16:19
 - 2) God was their protector 16:20
- B. There were others in Rome who were faithful Christians
 - 1) They had come to Rome on different missions
 - 2) Some at Paul's directions
 - 3) Some as an act of providence
- I. Sister Phoebe, A Servant verse 1 3
 - A. "I commend unto you Phoebe our sister, which is a servant of the church which is a Cenchrea:"
 - 1) "commend" = GUVIGTHµ = "to introduce to one's acquaintance with a favorable notice"
 - 2) "servant" = διακονος = "a hasty messenger"
 - B. "That ye receive her in the Lord, as becometh saints, and that ye assist her in whatever business she hath need of you:"
 - 1) "receive" = προσδεχομαι = "to accept to one's self",
 "to receive kindly", "to entertain as host"
 - 2) "becometh" = αξιως = "worthily", "deservedly"
 - 3) "assist" = παριστημι = "to stand by or near so as to defend or help"
 - 4) "business" = $\pi \rho \alpha \gamma \mu \alpha$ = "that which has been done", "a deed", "the thing done", "a matter"
 - C. "for she hath been a succourer of many, and of myself also"
 - 1) "succourer" = $\pi\rho\cos\tau\alpha\tau\iota\varsigma$ = "a patroness", "a helper", "one who gives protection"
 - 2) "of many" = πολλων

- 3) She had helped Paul and was the messenger to bring the letter to Rome.
- II. Priscilla And Aquila, Helpers verse 3, 4, 5a
 - A. "Great Priscilla and Aquila, my helpers in Christ Jesus" vs. 3
 - "Great" = ασπαζομαι = "to draw to one's self", "to embrace", Spoken of those who meet and separate.
 - 2) "helpers" = GUVERYOG = "working together in conjunction with"
 - B. "who have for my life laid down their own necks: unto whom not only I give thanks, but also all the churches of the Gentiles."

 vs. 4
 - 1) "laid down" = υποτιθημι = "to lay under as the neck under the executioner's axe"
 - 2) "Who risked their own lives to save mine"
 - 3) They were the objects of thanksgiving
- C. "Likewise greet the church that is in their house." vs. 5a
 - 1) "My greetings, also, to the congregation which meets in their house."
 - 2) "church" = εκκλησια
 - 3) I Corinthians 16:19
 - 4) Acts 18:26
 - 5) The meeting place of the early churches was the individuals home. Acts
- III. A Portrait Of The Church verse 5b 16
 - A. Epaenetus, the example 5b
 - 1) "first fruits" = $\alpha\pi\alpha\rho\chi\eta$ = "an offering of first fruits; the first consecrated to God"
 - 2) "The first man in Roman Asia to believe in Christ" Mon.

- B. Mary, the labourer vs. 6
 - 1) "bestow labor" = $\kappa \circ \pi \iota \alpha \omega$ = "to be tired, grow weary, fatigued, spent with labour"
 - 2) "Who has toiled so hard for you" Wms
- C. Andronicus and Junia, prisoners vs. 7
 - 1) "My countrymen and once my fellow prisoners" TENT
 - 2) "of note" = επισημος = "having a mark upon", In a good sense, distinguished.
 - 3) "And who were in [ϵv] Christ before [$\pi \rho \sigma$] me"
 - 4) How to get in Christ! Eph. 1:12-13
- D. Those beloved in the Lord vs. 8
 - 1) "beloved" = $\alpha \gamma \alpha \pi \eta \tau \sigma \varsigma$ = "beloved" Forceful vs. 9b
 - 2) Amplias and Stachys
- E. Urbane, the helper vs. 9
 - "helper" = συνεργος = "working together"
 - 2) "Urbanus our fellow-worker in Christ" ASV
- F. Apelles, the approved vs. 10
 - "approved" = δοκιμος = "assayed", "tested"
 - 2) "Tested and tried in Christ" Mon
- G. Salutations and greetings
 - 1) The household of Aristobulus vs. 10b
 - 2) Herodion, my fellow countryman vs. 11
 - 3) Narcissus and his household
- H. Laborers in the Lord vs. 12
 - 1) "Inbor" = κοπος = "wearisome effort"
 - 2) "Who work hard in the Lord" Mof.
 - 3) "Who has toiled terribly in the Lord's services" Mon.

I. Rufus, chosen in the Lord

- vs. 13
- 2) "That choice Christian, Rufus" Mof.
- J. More salutations

- vs. 14-15
- "salute" = ασπαζομαι = "to draw to one's self", hence, "to embrace", "to greet"
- 2) verse 14, 15
- 3) "and the brethren which are with them"
- K. Salute one another
- vs. 16
- 1) "Holy" = $\alpha \gamma \log =$ "to have veneration and awe"
- 2) "Greet one another with a consecrated or reverential kiss"
- 3) "kiss" = $\varphi \iota \lambda \eta \mu \alpha$ = "a love token", especially as given in greeting.
- 4) The meeting and departing of humans is an important part of a relationship.
- L. "The churches of Christ salute you."
 - 1) "All Christ's assemblies send you greeting"
 - 2) This phrase shows possession