THE THIRD WOE AND THE SEVENTH TRUMPET REV. 11:14-19

Introduction:

- A. "The second woe is past; and, behold, the third woe cometh quickly."
 - 1. The fifth trumpet and the first woe. v9:1-12.
 - 2. The sixth trumpet and the second woe. v9:13-21, 10:1-11.
 - 3. The seven last plagues. v15:1- Seven Vials.
- B. "And the seventh angel sounded."
 - The things that are enumerated do not occur at this immediate time but their announcement is made.
 - 2. This is the result of "no further delay."
 - The time or the circumstances that result in these events are now ready.
 - 4. This is an over-all view of what will occur.
- I. "AND THERE WERE GREAT VOICES IN HEAVEN, SAYING." V15
 - A. "The Kingdoms of this world are become the Kingdoms of our Lord, and of his Christ;"
 - 1. kingdom = he basileia the kingdom, singular.
 - 2. The pronouncement of chapter 10:7 indicates that the seventh trumpet's sounding will trigger the events that swiftly bring this to pass.
 - B. "and he shall reign for ever and ever."
 - 1. Luke 1:30-33.
 - 2. Heb. 1:8 "But unto the Son He saith, Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever."
 - 3. Jesus Christ will sit on His throne. He will never be dethroned!
- II. THE WORSHIP OF THE 24 ELDERS. V16-18



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- A. "And the four and twenty elders, which sat before God on their seats, fell upon their faces, and worshipped God."
 - 1. fell = pipto to fall down.
 - worshipped = proskuneo to prostrate oneself.
- B. "Saying, We give thee thanks, O Lord God Almighty, which art, and wast, and art to come."
 - 1. art = ho hon = the one who is.
 - 2. wast = hen the one who was.
 - art to come = He will continue.
- C. "because thou hast taken to thee thy great power, and hast reigned."
 - 1. taken = lambano to take.
 - power = dunamis capability of anything.
 - reigned = basileuo to be kino.
 - 4. God has assumed the rulership.
- D. "And the nations were angry, and thy faith is come."
 - nations = ethnos people under common circumstances
 - angry = orgizomai to be provoked, from orge = anger, with the desire for revenge, to kill.
 - a. Psalm 2:1-12.
- E. "And the time of the dead, that they should be judged."
 - 1. dead = nekos a dead person.
 - judged = Krino = to make a distinction, come to a decision, not merely a sentence of condemnation, but also a decision in one's favor.
- F. "And that thou shouldst give reward unto thy servants the prophets, and to the saints, and them that fear thy name, small and great."
 - 1. reward = misthos = hire, pay, wages.
 - 2. servants = doulois slaves, the prophetais.
 - 3. saints = hagios holy ones.
 - 4. fear = phobos fear.
 - 5. small = mikros; great = megas.

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- G. "and shouldst destroy them which destroy the earth."
 - destroy = diaphtheiro to corrupt completely, decay wholly, perish.
 - 2. destroy = same as #1.
 - 3. earth = qe.
- III. THE PLEDGE OF GOD'S POWER AND PURPOSE. V19
 - A. "And the temple of God was opened in heaven."
 - 1. temple = naos dwelling, habitation of God.
 - opened = anoigo to open, stand open.
 - B. "And there was seen in his temple the ark of His testament."
 - ark = kibotos a wooden box, hollow chest.
 - testament = diatheke a covenant, an agreement,
 either conditional or unconditional.
 - 3. This chest contained the basis of the God-man relationship. They are the promises of God to man. His pledge to us.
 - C. "and there were lightenings, and voices, and thunderings, and an earthquake, and great hail."
 - 1. lightenings = astrape lightening.
 - 2. voices = phonai tones, sounds.
 - 3. thunderings = brontai.
 - earthquakes = seismos shakings.
 - hail = chalaza something let fall.
- IV. GOD HAS NOW SAID THAT IT IS TIME FOR HIM TO FULFILL ALL OF HIS COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS WITH HIM.
 - A. Abraham.
 - B. Israel.
 - C. Church.
 - D. Saints.
 - E. Nations.
 - F. Sinners.